

Subsecretaria de Educación Media Superi Dirección General de Educación Tecnológica Industrial y de Servick Oficina Responsable de la DGETI en la Ciudad de Méxic Centro de Estudios Tecnológicos, Industrial y de Servicios No. O("Aquiles Serdán Alatrist C. C. T.: 09DCT002:n



Guía de Estudio para Extraordinario de INGLÉS II

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Tema Central	Conceptos para Estudiar	
1 Present continuous in affirmative and negative form.	We use this tense to talk about things happening at the moment.	Example: We are working so hard. I am not reading a book.
2 Verb be in Simple past in affirmative and negative form.	We use this tense to describe situations, places and people in the past.	Example: <i>I was sick yesterday.</i> <i>We weren't at home last week.</i>
3 There was/There were.	We use them to talk about things that existed or were present in the past. It could be singular or plural nouns.	Example: There was a pen on the table. There were three bottles on the desk.
4 Simple past of regular and irregular verbs in affirmative form.	We use this tense to describe situations, places and people in the past.	Example: I started a new project. She drank an orange juice.
5 Simple past of regular and irregular verbs in negative and interrogative form.	We use the auxiliar <i>did</i> to form negative sentences and questions in simple past.	Example: We didn't go to the concert. Did you finish your homework?
5 Comparison: asas	We use the comparison to say that two things, people or places are the same in some way.	Example: Cancun is as hot as Acapulco. Monterrey is not as populated as Mexico City.

